

**CHILDSRING INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
AND AUDITORS' REPORT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015**

**CHILDSRING INTERNATIONAL, INC.**  
**AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2015**

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board and Management  
Childspring International, Inc.  
Atlanta, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Childspring International, Inc. (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2015, and the related statements of activities, statement of functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

***Opinion***

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Childspring International, Inc. as of December 31, 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Goldman & Company CPAs PC  
Marietta, Georgia  
August 15, 2016

Childspring International, Inc.  
Statement of Financial Position  
At December 31, 2015

	<b>Unrestricted</b>	<b>Temporarily Restricted</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,868	\$ 11,926	\$ 39,794
Investments	7,088	70,549	77,637
Prepaid Expenses	5,603	-	5,603
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>40,559</b>	<b>82,475</b>	<b>123,034</b>
<b>Property and Equipment</b>			
Computer Software	1,525	-	1,525
Furnishings and equipment	29,737	-	29,737
Website Development	5,270	-	5,270
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(26,048)	-	(26,048)
<b>Total Property and Equipment</b>	<b>10,484</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>10,484</b>
 <b>Total Assets</b>	 <b>\$ 51,043</b>	 <b>\$ 82,475</b>	 <b>\$ 133,518</b>
<b>Liabilities and Net Assets</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities</b>			
Other Payables	\$ 4,500	-	\$ 4,500
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,500</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,500</b>
 Net Assets	 46,543	 82,475	 129,018
 <b>Total Liabilities and Net Assets</b>	 <b>\$ 51,043</b>	 <b>\$ 82,475</b>	 <b>\$ 133,518</b>

Childspring International, Inc.  
Statement of Activities  
For The Year Ended  
December 31, 2015

	<u>Unrestricted</u>	<u>Temporarily Restricted</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>REVENUES AND SUPPORTS</b>			
Contributions and Gifts	\$ 134,613	\$ 158,226	\$ 292,839
Non-cash contributions-Inside U.S.	-	270,526	270,526
Non-cash contributions-Outside U.S.	-	799,958	799,958
Interest & Dividend Income	476	-	476
Gain/Loss on Investments	243	-	243
Unrealized Gain/Loss	1,112	-	1,112
Special Events	121,578	-	121,578
Net Assets Released from Restriction (Expiration of time & purpose)	1,194,995	(1,194,995)	-
<b>TOTAL REVENUE</b>	<u>1,453,017</u>	<u>33,715</u>	<u>1,486,732</u>
 <b>EXPENSES:</b>			
Program Services	1,301,392	-	1,301,392
General & Administrative	90,215	-	90,215
Fund Raising Expense	115,009	-	115,009
<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>	<u>1,506,616</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,506,616</u>
 <b>Change in net assets</b>	 (53,599)	 33,715	 (19,884)
Net Assets at beginning of year	<u>\$ 100,143</u>	<u>\$ 48,759</u>	<u>\$ 148,902</u>
 <b>Net Assets, end of year</b>	 <u><u>\$ 46,544</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ 82,474</u></u>	 <u><u>\$ 129,018</u></u>

Childspring International, Inc.  
Statement of Functional Expenses  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

	<b>Program Services</b>	<b>General &amp; Administrative</b>	<b>Fundraising Expense</b>	<b>Total</b>
Personnel Expenses	\$ 122,946	\$ 41,485	\$ 28,211	\$ 192,642
Bank Charges	6,772	1,260	140	8,172
Depreciation	1,700	1,699	-	3,399
Dues & Subscriptions	-	979	-	979
Equipment and Computer	1,426	475	475	2,376
Fundraising Events	-	-	54,994	54,994
Insurance	-	4,803	-	4,803
Marketing	-	9,051	9,051	18,102
Medical Treatment for children-in U.S.	156,764	-	-	156,764
Medical Treatment for children-Outside U.S.	890,796	-	-	890,796
Miscellaneous	5,342	889	854	7,085
Occupancy Expense	88,088	13,728	12,584	114,400
Office Expense	3,529	2,215	2,215	7,959
Payroll Taxes	9,191	3,101	2,109	14,401
Postage & printing	-	4,376	4,376	8,752
Professional Fees	-	5,400	-	5,400
Scholarships	13,912	-	-	13,912
Telephone	-	231	-	231
Travel	926	523	-	1,449
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>\$ 1,301,392</b>	<b>\$ 90,215</b>	<b>\$ 115,009</b>	<b>\$ 1,506,616</b>

Childspring International, Inc.  
Statement of Cash Flows  
For The Year Ended  
December 31, 2015

<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Decrease in Net Assets	\$ (19,884)
Adjustments to reconcile Decrease in Net Assets to Net Cash used by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	3,399
Unrealized Gain on Investments	(1,112)
Realized Gain on Sale of Investments	(243)
Decrease in Prepaid Expense	57
Decrease in Accounts Payable	(2,213)
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>(19,996)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>	
Proceeds from Sale of Investments	37,953
Purchases of Investments	(38,965)
Purchase of Equipment	<u>(4,451)</u>
Net Cash Used by Investing	(5,463)
Net cash decrease for period	<u>(25,459)</u>
<b>Cash at beginning of period</b>	<u><b>65,253</b></u>
<b>Cash at end of period</b>	<u><b>\$ 39,794</b></u>
<b>Interest Paid</b>	<u><b>\$ -</b></u>

CHILDSRING INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Activities

Childspring International, Inc. ("Childspring") is a not-for-profit organization that provides free medical services worldwide to children in need through a network of volunteers. Childspring also provides aid to nutrition centers and other organizations benefiting children by identifying and shipping surplus medical supplies, medical equipment and general supplies. Childspring works to heal children by education and by training host nation medical professionals to enhance their medical proficiency. Medical services are provided both inside and outside the United States. Childspring is supported through the assistance and contributions of medical professionals, interested individuals, churches and businesses.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of Childspring have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP) for not-for-profit organizations.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles includes the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported revenue, expenses and the assets and liabilities as of the financial statement date. On an ongoing basis, the organization's management evaluates the estimates and assumptions based on historical experience and various other factors. The organization's management believes that the estimates and assumptions are reasonable in the circumstances; however, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Assets

The financial statements report net assets and changes in net assets in three classes that are based upon the existence or absence of restrictions on use that are placed by its donors, as follows:

Unrestricted Net Assets

Unrestricted net assets are resources available to support operations. The only limits on the use of unrestricted net assets are the broad limits resulting from the nature of the organization, the environment in which it operates, the purposes specified in its corporate documents and its application for tax-exempt status, and any limits resulting from contractual agreements with creditors and others that are entered into in the course of its operations.

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are resources that are restricted by a donor for use for a particular purpose or in a particular future period. The organization's contributions are classified in this class if the donor limited their use. When restriction is satisfied, either by using the resources in the manner specified or by the passage of time, the expiration of the restriction is reported in the financial statements by reclassifying the net assets from temporarily restricted to unrestricted net assets. Net assets restricted for acquisition of buildings or equipment (or less commonly, the contribution of those assets directly) are reported as temporarily restricted until the specified asset is placed in service by the organization, unless the donor provides more specific directions about the period of its use.

Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Permanently restricted net assets are resources whose use by the organization is limited by donor-imposed restrictions that neither expire by being used in accordance with a donor's restriction nor by the passage of time. The organization has no permanently restricted net assets as of December 31, 2015.



CHILDSRING INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

NOTE 1 — NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES  
(CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, Childspring considers all highly liquid investments available for current use with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Childspring carries investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values in the statement of financial position at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets in the accompanying statement of activities.

Property and Equipment

Childspring follows the practice of capitalizing all expenditures in excess of \$1,000 for property and equipment which are recorded at cost, or at estimated fair market value, if received by contribution.

Depreciation and amortization is calculated over the estimated useful lives of 5 to 7 years of the respective assets using the straight-line method. Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$3,399.

Accounting for Contributions

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized when received. All contributions are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the contributed assets is specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are restricted by the donor to use in future periods or for specific purposes are reported as increases in either temporarily restricted or permanently restricted net assets, consistent with the nature of the restriction. Unconditional promises with payments due in future years have an implied restriction to be used in the year the payment is due, and therefore are reported as temporarily restricted until the payment is due unless the contribution is clearly intended to support activities of the current fiscal year or is received with permanent restrictions. Conditional promises, such as matching grants, are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is, until all conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions that are restricted by the donor are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions expire in the fiscal year in which the contributions are recognized.

Restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets upon satisfaction of the time or purpose of the restriction, and are reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Donations in Kind

Donated Assets:

Donated marketable securities and other noncash donations are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair values at the date of donation.

Contributed Services:

Childspring receives donated services from many unpaid volunteers in carrying out its mission. Contributed services have been recognized for such volunteer work under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. GAAP allows recognition of contributed services only if (a) the services create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) the services would have been purchased if not provided by contribution, require specialized skills, and are provided by individuals possessing those skills. These amounts are recorded as contributions-inside U.S. and contributions-outside U.S. on the Statement of Activities and detailed on note 3. Non-cash contributions outside the

CHILDSRING INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

NOTE 1 — NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES  
(CONTINUED)

U.S. consist of specialized medical contributions of medical professional services and medical facilities located outside the U.S. The organization recognizes an amount equal to what the medical cost for that procedure would be in that country, less the amount actually paid by the organization. The medical cost was derived from a study conducted by the organization of its non U.S. medical partners and from information publicly available for medical treatment in the non U.S. country. The medical costs were supplied to the organization in U.S. dollars.

Expense Recognition and Allocation

The cost of providing the organization's programs and other activities is summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and statement of functional expenses. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program or support service are charged directly to that program or support service. Costs common to multiple functions have been allocated among the various functions benefited.

General and administrative expenses include those costs that are not directly identifiable with any specific program, but which provide for the overall support and direction of the organization.

Fundraising costs are expensed as incurred, even though they may result in contributions received in future years. The organization generally does not conduct its fundraising activities in conjunction with its other activities. In the few cases in which it does, such as when the annual report or donor acknowledgements contain requests for contributions, joint costs have been allocated between fundraising and management and general expenses in accordance with standards for accounting for costs of activities that include fundraising. Additionally, advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

Tax Status

Childspring is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code §501(c)(3). Childspring is also exempt from state income taxes, although, it would be subject to tax on income unrelated to its exempt purposes (unless that income is otherwise excluded by the IRC). Childspring had no unrelated income for the year ended December 31, 2015. The tax years ending 2012, 2013, and 2014 are still open to audit for federal tax purposes. The Organization follows the provisions of uncertain tax positions as addressed in FASB Accounting Standards Codification 740-10-65-1. Under that guidance, the Organization assesses the likelihood, based on their technical merit, that tax positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available at the end of each period. The measurement of unrecognized tax benefits is adjusted when new information is available, or when an event occurs that requires change. The Organization recognizes accrued interest related to uncertain tax positions in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses. Management believes there were no uncertain tax positions at December 31, 2015.

Fair Value Measurements

The organization reports its fair value measures using a three-level hierarchy that uses the inputs used to prioritize fair value. This hierarchy, established by GAAP, requires that entities maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels used to measure fair values are as follows:

Level 1. Quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets to which the organization has access at the measurement date.

Level 2. Inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include:

Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;

CHILDSRING INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

NOTE 1 — NATURE OF ACTIVITIES AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES  
(CONTINUED)

- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active;
- Observable inputs other than quoted prices for the asset or liability (for example, interest rates and yield curves); and
- Inputs derived principally from, or corroborated by, (observable market data by correlation or by other means.)

Level 3. Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, Unobservable inputs should be used to measure the fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

The primary uses of fair value measures in the organization's financial Statements are:

- Initial measurements of non cash gifts including gifts of non-cash assets and
- Unconditional promises to give.
- Recurring measurement of short term investments (note 4).

NOTE 2 - CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Childspring maintains cash balances in checking, savings, and money market accounts which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to a combined total of \$250,000 per institution. Childspring believes the financial institutions are high quality and monitors the soundness of these institutions, and believes the exposure to be minimal. Childspring routinely transfer to other institutions in order to remain in compliance under these guidelines.

NOTE 3 – NON CASH CONTRIBUTIONS

Non-cash contributions, which include treatment costs for 3 children in the United States, and 337 children in 8 countries outside of the United States during 2015, consist of:

Professional medical, hospitals and services-inside U.S.	\$ 99,394
Professional medical, hospitals and services-outside U.S.	799,958
Office space and equipment usage	114,400
Travel expenses and Hosting	47,932
Other donated services	<u>8,800</u>
	\$ 1,070,484

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Childspring's assets and liabilities, recorded at fair value, are valued using a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value, The hierarchy defines three levels of inputs giving the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs.

The following table sets forth by level, with the fair value hierarchy as described in Note 1, Childspring's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2015.

CHILDSRING INTERNATIONAL, INC.  
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2015

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS  
 (CONTINUED)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>Mutual Funds:</u>			
Money Market	\$ 70,609	-	-
Equities	<u>7,028</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 77,637	-	-

NOTE 5 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Office facilities are donated by a Church. The Church is responsible for all occupancy costs including budgeted usage of printing, postage and copying equipment. The costs associated with occupancy were \$114,400 for the year ended December 31, 2015 and those costs are included in Childspring's expenses and non-cash contributions in the statement of activities.

NOTE 6- RETIREMENT PLAN

Childspring sponsors a 403(b) defined contribution plan administered by Mutual of America Life Insurance Company. The Plan covers all qualified employees. Employees deferred compensation into the plan in 2015; however, Childspring did not make any contributions to the Plan for the year ended December 31, 2015.

NOTE 7- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management evaluates events occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements in determining the accounting for and disclosure of transactions and events that affect the financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated through August 15, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.